

MEXICAN BORDER UNDER CONTROL OF SIGNAL SERVICE

Wireless Commands Every
Foot of Rio Grande.

SCIENCE UNDER TRIBUTE

System of Reconnoitering Per-
fected by Maj. Squier.

Gen. Carter in Touch with All
Patrols—Most Efficient Service
Ever Known—Signal Corps Makes
Great Record—Airmen Ready for
Competitive Tests—Race Clash at
San Antonio—Prisoners at Alamo.

San Antonio, April 12.—With the completion of the Fort Sam Houston camp of the last span in a wireless bridge, Gen. William H. Carter, in command, had 500 miles of territory brought right to the flap of his tent to-day. This marked the end of the initial work of putting the border patrols along the Rio Grande directly into communication through the air spark at the commander's tent at division headquarters.

"All quiet along the border," was the first report that came yesterday from Gen. Carter from the Eagle Pass wireless station of the United States Army Signal Corps. That was early in the morning. Another similar report came at noon and a third of like nature at 6 o'clock. From now on until the army assembled here moves, three reports each day will be made to the commanding general from the central station at Eagle Pass, over 20 miles away.

The task of bringing the border within touch of the camp was undertaken by the Signal Corps about ten days after the completion of the wireless bridge. The wireless station at Eagle Pass already existed, but squads of Signal Corps men went down the Rio Grande, east of Eagle Pass, and re-established three field wireless stations about 30 miles apart.

Reconnoitering System Perfect.
Three times a day each substation relays its report to the central station, and thence the reports are sent through the air to the tall mast behind Gen. Carter's tent. Should Substation B, between Eagle Pass and Laredo, report that a party of insurgents had been seen crossing the Rio Grande five miles below the signal station, Gen. Carter will know that fact within ten minutes, and will be able to take a mounted courier a little less than a week to report the same news.

The system mapped out by Maj. George O. Squier, in command of the Signal Corps at the division camp, provides for co-operation between the cavalrymen who are doing patrol duty and the four squads of signal men at the wireless stations. The cavalry patrols, although by two, each detail covering fifty miles of the border in a day. Over all the length of the 1,500 miles of meandering river every foot of ground on the American side is traversed by a patrol twice each day.

It is his design to extend the wireless westward from Eagle Pass, and for this use two more companies of Signal Corps men arrived at the division camp from a post in Arizona and from Vancouver Barracks to-day. Maj. Squier will begin setting up a westward line of communication from Eagle Pass in the direction of El Paso, for it is the western portion of Texas which fronts the most troublesome parts of Mexican soil. Aeronautical matters are being taken up at the division camp. Phil Parmelee, who was driving the Wright biplane, three weeks ago, and who had to leave to fill an engagement, returned to-day, and Eugene Kelly, who was flying the plane, also came to San Antonio to-day. Perhaps to-morrow, surely within a few days, the rivalries between the Wright and Curtiss airmen will be in full blast. The Curtiss machine, which is to be tested by the army here, is now set up and ready for flight to demonstrate it. It is rumored that some very severe tests are to be set to try out the merits of the two machines.

Race Clash at San Antonio.
A fight occurred between a street car conductor and three negro soldiers of the Ninth Cavalry to-day. The negroes boarded the car, took seats well up in front, and refused to move back to the seats in the rear which are assigned to negroes under the "Jim Crow" law. After politely requesting the negroes to move, and being roughly refused, Burns pulled a big Colt six-shooter from his pocket and used it as a club. Two of the negroes were laid out on the floor of the street car unconscious, and the third was kicked into the street and started to jump on the platform. So the scene was fired. The traction company took the matter up with Maj. Gen. Carter.

San Diego, April 12.—(U.) Henry Savage, brother-in-law of Mrs. L. Ruff, has received a telegram from George H. Schmucker, consul at Ensenada, stating that he has asked permission of the State Department to go to Alamo, and that he will proceed to that place and make use of the safety of Ruff, his wife and seven children, and several other Americans who are held prisoners in a corral by the insurgents under command of Simon Berthold.

DENIES BEING TERRORIZED.
Anacostia Citizens Have No Fear of Insane Patients.
L. M. Anderson, who has been employed by the Government Hospital for the Insane for forty years, denied that insane patients are terrorizing residents of Anacostia, at the regular monthly meeting of the Anacostia Citizens' Association last night. He said:

"The asylum is two miles away. There is no truth about the people of Anacostia being bothered with escaping criminals from the asylum, as stated so often in the newspapers."

The following committee was appointed to obtain free delivery and collection of baggage by the expressmen from the Union Station, and to ask the Washington merchants to deliver goods in Anacostia: T. A. Doby, J. F. Earnshaw, O. H. Osterman, W. J. Latimer, and Dr. J. J. Mundell.

Alcohol 90c qt.
Pure, high-proof grain alcohol—the most dependable grade to use in the sick room for alcohol baths.
TO-KALON WINE CO.
NEW YORK, 1405 F St. N. W. PHONE 1000.

ARTICLES TO BE ADMITTED FREE.

The following table shows the more important items which the Democrats propose to place upon the free list, with the duties as they stand at present under the Payne-Aldrich tariff law:

Article.	Duty Under Payne-Aldrich Law.
Beef, veal, mutton, lamb and pork.	14 cents per pound.
Ham and bacon.	4 cents per pound.
Other meats, prepared and preserved.	25 per cent ad valorem.
Lard.	14 cents per pound.
Buckwheat flour.	25 per cent ad valorem.
Corn meal.	40 cents per 100 pounds.
Wheat flour.	25 per cent ad valorem.
Rye flour.	14 cents per pound.
Oatmeal and rolled oats.	1 cent per pound.
Biscuits, bread, wafers, &c., not sweetened.	20 per cent ad valorem.
Timber, hewn, squared, or squared, and round timber.	14 of 1 per cent per cubic foot.
Shingles.	50 cents per thousand.
Sawn boards, planks and deals.	20 cents per 1,000 pieces.
Sewing machines.	50 per cent ad valorem.
Salt, in bulk, sacks, or barrels.	11 cents per 100 pounds.
Salt, in bulk.	11 cents per 100 pounds.
Plows and other agricultural implements.	15 per cent ad valorem.
Bagging for cotton.	10-15ths of 1 cent per square yard.
Burlap for covering agricultural implements.	14ths of 1 cent per square yard.
Hoops of band iron for baling cotton.	3-10ths of 1 cent per pound.
Leather, grain, buff and split.	15 per cent ad valorem.
Leather, rough and sole.	15 per cent ad valorem.
Boots and shoes.	10 per cent ad valorem.
Harness, saddlery, &c.	20 per cent ad valorem.
Railroad fence wire.	1 to 1 1/2 cents per pound.

LONE SURVIVOR RECALLS OPENING OF CIVIL WAR

Francis J. Oakes, Who Helped Defend Fort Sumter, Describes Night of April 10, 1861, When Surrender Was Demanded.

With one lone survivor of the men who defended Fort Sumter left to recall the opening of the civil war on April 12, 1861, the fifteenth anniversary of the conflict was yesterday remembered in the homes of thousands of veterans.

Francis J. Oakes, of 23 Ash street, Flushing, Long Island, is the only man left to remember the Union side of the firing on Fort Sumter. Mr. Oakes exhibited a medal presented to him by the New York Chamber of Commerce twenty-five years ago as one of the men who marched out of Fort Sumter.

Describing his experiences in the battle which opened the civil war, Mr. Oakes said: "On the night of April 10, 1861, I was the corporal of the guard. As such, I was in charge of the guard-house, when on that night a parleying party came to demand the surrender of the fort. They were placed in the guard-house under my charge by Maj. Anderson, while he discussed the situation with his officers."

"Of course, I did not know who the men were under my charge, but after Maj. Anderson had told them his final answer I heard one of the men say, 'That means that we will open fire,' to which Maj. Anderson replied, 'Very well, sir.' This incident was followed by the departure of the rebels and the hour was about midnight. As corporal of the guard, I was the first to see the firing on the morning of April 12, 1861."

"We opened fire in reply at 7 o'clock. Three guns were trained upon the railroad iron battery at Cummings Point."

The same old flag.

Lowell, Mass., April 12.—The flag which it is believed flew over Fort Sumter when it was fired on by the Confederates fifty years ago is in the possession of Miss Elizabeth Cowley, of this city. Miss Cowley says the flag was given to her brother, the late Charles Cowley, in Charleston, S. C., in the civil war days, and has always been in the possession of the family.

His brother, Charles Cowley, was Judge Advocate General of the Union army in the South Atlantic squadron.

William S. Kenyon, who succeeds the late Senator Dooliver, achieved his greatest fame through his work as Assistant Attorney General of the United States, a position in which he was appointed March 18, 1910.

He was born in Elyria, Ohio, June 10, 1858, and was educated at Iowa, now Grinnell College. After his admission to the bar, he became prosecutor of Webster County and served one term as judge of the Eleventh judicial district of Ohio.

He subsequently became attorney for the Illinois Central Railroad, and in 1907 was appointed general counsel for the road at Chicago. His home is in Fort Dodge, N. D.

To President Taft the election of Mr. Kenyon, now assistant to the Attorney General, is especially pleasing, because of Mr. Kenyon's prior connection with the administration and the part he has taken in carrying forward the progressive policies of the President and his program of law enforcement.

On the election of Mr. Kenyon, the President is quoted as follows: "He will make an excellent Senator, because of his superb equipment for the place. He is a splendid lawyer, and a man of courage and high ideals."

DIRECT VOTE FAVORED.

Underwood Will Work for Passage of Rucker Bill.

Chairman Underwood, of the Ways and Means Committee, announced yesterday that an effort would be made to put the Rucker bill, providing for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people, and the bill amending the recently enacted campaign publicity law, through the House to-day. This accomplished, the majority plans to take up the Canadian reciprocity bill to-morrow, and pass it in accordance with the decision of Tuesday night's caucus.

The ratification of the constitutions of Arizona and New Mexico may also go through the House before reciprocity is tackled in earnest.

GOING TO LEAVENWORTH.

Two Criminal Maniacs Sent to Federal Penitentiary.

Thomas A. Winter and W. V. McCarthy, criminal patients at the Government Hospital for the Insane, have been sent to the Federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., following a hearing before the examining board of the asylum yesterday.

Winter was one of the three patients who escaped several weeks ago. The board decided he would be safer at Leavenworth.

Are Lamps for Avenue.

Pursuant to agitation in favor of installing electric lamps along Pennsylvania and New Mexico avenues, the Commissioners yesterday communicated with the Commission of Fine Arts, asking its opinion of the plan.

DEMOCRATS MAKE PLAY FOR FARMER

Also Try to Win Favor of "Ultimate Consumer."

TWO BILLS ARE INTRODUCED

Chairman Underwood Embodies Trade Agreement with Canada in One and Transfers Numerous Necessities to the Free List in the Other—Will Attack Wool Next.

Two bills, one embodying the terms of the trade agreement negotiated with Canada by President Taft, and the other proposing a transfer to the free list of the tariff law of 100 or more articles, among them a number classified as "necessaries of life," were introduced in the House yesterday by Representative Underwood, chairman of the Democratic Committee on Ways and Means. The Democrats thus began their work of revising the tariff.

The Canadian agreement will be reported to the House to-morrow. It will be passed early next week. Immediately following action on the pact, the House will proceed to the consideration of the Underwood bill, which provides for reduction of the tariff on many of the necessities of life, and the interests of the farmer and the ultimate consumer.

Throw Doors Open.
The Underwood bill, carrying out the provisions of the Canadian agreement, is in all essentials patterned after the McCall bill, which failed in the last Congress. It contains one new provision, which, however, does not affect the agreement itself. This is a request of the President that he "negotiate trade agreements with the Dominion of Canada wherein mutual concessions are made looking toward freer trade relations and further reciprocal expansion of trade and commerce."

Chief interest is centered in the bill proposed by the Democrats, admitting duty-free about a hundred articles used by the "ultimate consumer" and the farmer. The farmer has entered emphatic objection to the Canadian agreement on the ground that the instrument made the market in which he sells a free one, while compelling him to buy in a protected market.

The "farmers' bill," as called, proposes a partial revision of the tariff that the Democrats believe will make a bit with the country. It admits duty-free many of the leading foodstuffs and such articles of common use as lumber. With this latter provision taken in connection with the concessions on Canadian lumber granted in the Taft agreement, the Democrats say the lumber trust will have to take to the woods. Timber and lumber is placed on the free list by the Underwood bill as a means of giving an incentive to foreign lumber from Mexico. There are large tracts of pine in that country which can be brought here, it is alleged, at comparatively fair prices, under a duty-free provision.

Will Attack Wool Next.
The Democratic leaders say that the bills offered yesterday will be followed by attacks on the cotton and woolen schedules.

Some of the prominent articles included in the farmers' free list were imported last year in amounts inconsiderable in value on account of the duty, so that it will be difficult to forecast the extent of the reduction in the duty on these imports. The fact which is expected to appeal to the farmer is that he will have the markets of the world to buy in, and not be restricted to the market of the American manufacturer.

Southern Democrats are in high feather over the prospects of reduction in duties on cotton baling and cotton ties. They have fought for years for this privilege, and now see victory in prospect.

DEMOCRATS HOLD
BIG RALLY TO-NIGHT

Champ Clark and Others to Deliver Addresses.

With the Speaker of the House scheduled for the political trade, Democrats in both Houses of Congress will help celebrate Jefferson Day at the opening of the College Men's Democratic League at the New Willard to-night. Democratic State chairmen in Virginia, Maryland, and the District will lead large contingents, and the law school of Georgetown University will be represented by several hundred students.

A telegram received from Col. William J. Bryan, following that it will be impossible for me to be with you on the evening of April 13. I trust that the commemoration of the event will bring together a number of our prominent Democrats. It is a time when we have reason to renew our loyalty to Jefferson, and to take fresh courage from the past.

THE GATHERING will be held in the large banquet hall of the New Willard Hotel. Accommodations have been provided for 2,000 guests.

Ocean Steamships.

New York, April 12.—Arrived: Berlin, at Naples; at Naples: Calcutta, at Harer. Sailed from foreign ports: Kaiser Wilhelm from Genoa; from Cherbourg: Carmania, from Queenstown; Oceanic, from Southampton.

THIEVES LOCK DOOR AND SNATCH JEWELS

Old-time Methods Net Robbers a Rich Haul, While Mode of Getaway Is Up to Date.

New York, April 12.—After placing a thick piece of wood against the latch of the street door of the pawnshop at 309 Third avenue, near Twenty-third street, this afternoon, so that the owner, J. H. Reif, and his assistants could not get out, two robbers to-day threw a paper covered stone through the front plate-glass window and got away with diamonds and jewelry valued at more than \$3,000.

The stone went crashing through the window, the splintered glass falling all about, and while Mr. Reif and his three assistants tried in vain to force the door,

which the robbers had secured, the men grabbed all the cases holding diamonds and jewelry they could lay their hands on and disappeared. It is believed the men had an automobile waiting for them, and that when they jumped into it, the chauffeur made all the speed he could to get away.

Francis O'Brien, with hundreds of persons was attracted to the scene, and taking in the situation at a glance sent out a general alarm. Mr. Reif's assistants had a good description of the men, having seen them loitering around the pawnshop for a couple of days.

SCORES KILLED IN WESTERN TORNADO

Continued from Page One.

of Whiting, dead in the road. She had been blown from the steps of her own home, half a mile away.

Mrs. Ray Gernum, of Powhattan, had a miraculous escape from death when her house was blown from over her head, leaving her on the floor with but slight injuries.

The most graphic description of the tornado was given to-night at Eskridge, by George M. Scott, an engineer, who witnessed the spectacle from the window of his cab. He saw it sweeping over the country in several miles, overturning houses and barns and carrying many of them through the air for long distances.

The tail end of the tornado hit his train car, from his seat the cab and hurled him to the ground. He was not seriously injured.

Frank Course of Storm.
Topeka, Kan., April 12.—A tornado that swept throughout Northeastern Kansas this afternoon killed two persons, injured thirty to fifty others, and damaged and destroyed buildings worth half a million dollars.

The storm struck first at Eskridge, southwest of Topeka. Twenty-six people were injured there, one seriously. Most of the injured are school children. The storm struck just as the children were dismissed from school. The roof of the building was blown off and the children were injured by flying timbers.

The storm then jumped to Corbett's barn, west of Topeka. The barn was demolished and several horses were killed. From this point the storm jumped thirty miles northeast. Mrs. David Stone was probably fatally injured at Netawaka. The storm then swept along for eight miles.

Lightning killed James Rosenbaum at Germantown, and a schoolhouse three miles east of Hiawatha was demolished, killing one girl and injuring three others who had taken refuge there. The names of the girls could not be learned. Telephone and telegraph wires are down completely.

Highgate Swept Away.
Pawhuska, Okla., April 12.—Eight persons known to have been killed, between twenty-five and thirty injured, many fatally, and the entire town of Highgate, fifteen miles south of here, swept away by a cyclone which struck there about 5 o'clock this evening. Highgate has a population of about 80. Only one building is said to remain standing. Three of the known dead have been recovered. They are: John Morris, Fred Hammer, and William Marlowe.

The cyclone formed southwest of the city, according to reports received here. It appeared in the traditional funnel form and came without warning. People fled from the crashing buildings only to be struck down in the streets by flying timbers and blown up and carried away through the air.

OFFICERS OF MILITIA
ORDERED TO TEXAS

Three to Relieve Those Now Watching Maneuvers.

Col. W. E. Harvey, of the Second Infantry, Lieut. Col. Luther H. Reichelderfer, of the Second Infantry, and Capt. John W. Delmont, of the First Infantry, of the District National Guard, have been selected as the second set of officers to witness the maneuvers in Texas.

They will leave April 21, to relieve Capt. Harry E. Burton and Capt. Robert B. Johnson, of the Second Infantry, and Capt. William R. McCallahan, of the First Infantry.

The Third Battalion of the Second Infantry, under command of Maj. Alexander Summers, reported at Center Market Army last night for annual inspection by Capt. Austin H. Prescott, of Fifth Infantry, U. S. A., and Maj. Le Roy Herndon, Inspector general, U. S. C. This battalion made one of the best records for attendance of any this year, there being only three men absent.

Company I, commanded by Capt. Clarence F. Walker, and Company K, commanded by Capt. John C. Rooney, had only one man absent, and Company M, commanded by Second Lieut. George E. Tolson, had two men missing. This completed the annual inspection of the infantry.

To-night the medical corps, hospital corps, and ambulance company will be inspected.

Sermon by Dr. Simon To-day.
Babbi Simon, of Eighth Street Temple, will deliver the principal sermon at the Passover service to-morrow. His subject will be "The Hebrew and the Egyptian spirit." The service last night consisted of music and prayer.

Freckles, Pimples And Liver Spots

Can Be Removed Easily By Stuart's Calcium Wafers In A Few Days.

Write for Free Trial Package.
Why suffer the stares of those about you because of a poor, muddy, and blearly looking complexion? What you need is rich, strong, generous blood to furnish a clear, clean pigment (color) to the face, so that with each beat of the heart the blood courses uninterruptedly through the small surface veins of the face, thereby keeping a glowing color over you.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers are composed of the most powerful blood builders and purifiers yet known, and may be taken into the system by any one, even a child. That is invigorating, and it is the most natural and the most reliable method of restoring the system to its normal state.

We will send you a trial package containing an amount of these Wafers sufficient to show their power. Send us your name and address and we will send you a trial package, by mail free of charge.

Address: F. Stuart & Co., 115 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

TAILORING TALKS.

By J. FRED GATCHELL,
928 Fourteenth Street
(Opposite Franklin Park).

I want to assure the Government clerks that the interest we business men are taking in the project to have their salaries increased is GOING TO WIN—as it ought to. The aggressive and progressive interests in Washington are behind this movement, and I was very glad of an opportunity to contribute my mite to the furtherance of their cause.

I will tell you how confident I am that you are going to win—that on the first order placed with me this spring by any employee of the Government ten per cent of

the amount may be withheld to be paid out of the first money he receives from the increase in salary. I mean just that. I don't believe that I will have to wait very long, either.

This will apply just the same to this combination offer which I am making of two \$35 Suits, a Blue and a Gray, for \$60. You understand, do you not, that you are not required to take both of these Suits at the same time? It's only that they must both be ORDERED AT ONCE to take advantage of the \$10 saving.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

EXCURSIONS. EXCURSIONS.

HAVE YOU INQUIRED IN REGARD TO THE
Washington Sunset Route
Panama Exposition Club?

San Francisco raised \$5,000,000 in two hours, and a total of \$17,000,000, to promote this exposition, to be held in that city in 1915. It is expected to be the greatest exposition the world has ever known. This club is organized to induce a saving for the next four years, so that the parties may have sufficient funds to pay railroad and sleeping car fare, all necessary expenses, and have left a snug sum for spending money.

Ask A. J. POSTON,
905 F STREET N. W.
FOR INFORMATION.

ATLANTIC CITY HOTELS.

HOTEL JACKSON
OCEAN VIEW AVENUE.
American and European plan—bath—Open all year.
J. H. GORDLEY.

HOTEL CLARENDON.
Virginia ave., near Beach and Steel Pier. Open all year.
M. D. NEUMAN.

THE RAVENROD.
Choice sea and boardwalk. Modern, refined, home-like surroundings. Unobstructed ocean view from the hotel. Electric coaches at train; only 10 minutes to beach. Golf privileges. Auto race track. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all year.
J. H. THOMPSON & CO.

HOTEL GLADSTONE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Directly on the beach. Rooms with bath, with hot and cold salt water. Sun parlor. Elevator to street level. Booklet mailed. N. J. COLLINS.

RIXEY'S ATTORNEY
PRESENT PETITION

Declare Banker's Condition Prevents Appearance.

Attorneys for C. Jones Rixey, president of the defunct Virginia Sea Deposit and Trust Corporation of Alexandria, Va., who is reported to be on the verge of death at his home in Washington, yesterday petitioned Judge Bailey, of the Corporation Court of the Virginia city, that there was no necessity of issuing requisition papers for the arrest of Mr. Rixey.

It was supposed the sick man was able, although this was denied by members of the family, to appear in court to answer charges filed against him, and it was understood requisition papers, calling upon President Taft for the deliverance of the accused man, were to be issued by Gov. Mann, of Virginia.

The court will act upon the Rixey request Monday morning, but in the meantime will prepare requisition papers in the event they are needed.

Mr. Rixey's attorneys, backed up by the statements of his physicians, declare he is dangerously ill, and that if Mr. Rixey could not possibly be taken to the court by reason of the fact that it would be a great detriment to his health and might be a danger to his life by reason of the illness with which he is suffering.

Octogenarian Rescues Aged Wife.
Richmond, Ind., April 12.—James Lamb, aged eighty, saved his wife, who is five years his junior, from burning to death to-day when their home, four miles south of Richmond, caught on fire and was destroyed. Mrs. Lamb has been an invalid for several years, unable to leave her bed. Lamb managed to carry his wife from the burning house to the yard, where he fell unconscious.

KENSINGTON
Cas from 11th and N. ave. every 15 minutes to Zoo and Cherry Lane. Connect at Lake with Kensington Line.

ADVERTISING TALKS.

WRITTEN BY WILLIAM C. FREEMAN

THE PURPOSE OF ADVERTISING is to enter into an agreement between the advertiser and the public on a basis that will be mutually agreeable and profitable.

If advertising is actuated by any other purpose, it will fall short of accomplishment.

It is obvious that the advertiser wants to sell his merchandise; it should be obvious to him that he must sell it RIGHT if he is to get CONTINUED PATRONAGE from the public.

All of us know of advertising successes that had their foundation in fraud and continued fraudulent throughout their whole careers, but THEY DID NOT LAST, did they?

The agreement entered into by the advertiser and the public must be AS BINDING as any legal document that's soundly drawn.

It should be a COMPACT between the two that means that each is to give a SQUARE DEAL to the other. There won't be any trouble about the public always giving a square deal if the advertiser will give it a square deal.

The advertising put out by a firm should be carefully considered before it is released for publication. It should avoid anything and everything that might mislead the public in agreeing to patronize it.

Do advertisers always carefully consider? Or are they impelled by a motive to GET THE CROWD if they can, no matter how they get it?

In smaller communities, where everybody knows everybody, there is very little likelihood of the public being deceived by advertising. The merchant there knows he MUST MAKE GOOD. He knows if he does not he will not do any business.

In larger communities, where there are great throngs of people—transient and resident—the advertising faker thinks he can escape the consequences of misrepresentation, and he does—sometimes for a long period—but in the end he gets his deserts, as he always does.

The INCREASING FAITH in advertising is being brought about because the majority of advertisers—a big majority, too—live up to their agreements.

The good merchants should unite with good newspapers in driving out the frauds in every community.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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Choice sea and boardwalk. Modern, refined, home-like surroundings. Unobstructed ocean view from the hotel. Electric coaches at train; only 10 minutes to beach. Golf privileges. Auto race track. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all year.
J. H. THOMPSON & CO.

HOTEL GLADSTONE,
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Directly on the beach. Rooms with bath, with hot and cold salt water. Sun parlor. Elevator to street level. Booklet mailed. N. J. COLLINS.

RIXEY'S ATTORNEY
PRESENT PETITION